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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/064,682	04/22/98		J	273802002200
-		HM12/1014		EXAMINER
MORRISON & FOERSTER			SWAR	TZ,R
755 PAGE MILL ROAD PALO ALTO CA 94304-		18	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			DATE MAILED:	. 10/14/99

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trad marks

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Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/064,682

Applicant(s)

Pedersen

Examiner

Rodney P. Swartz, Ph.D.

Group Art Unit 1641



X Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>2August1999</u>	·
This action is FINAL .	
Since this application is in condition for allowance except in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1	
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is seen is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Exter 37 CFR 1.136(a).	are to respond within the period for response will cause the
Disposition of Claims	
X Claim(s) 1-26	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s) 21-26	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
X Claim(s) 1-20	
Claim(s)	
	are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Application Papers	
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drav	wing Review, PTO-948.
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are ob	
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	r.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign prior	rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copie	s of the priority documents have been
_ received.	
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial	Number)
\square received in this national stage application from	the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
*Certified copies not received:	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic principle.	iority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
Attachment(s)	
☐ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892	
	r No(s)
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413	
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTC	J-948
Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	
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PATENT EXAMINER SEE OFFICE ACTION O	ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Applicant's Response to Restriction Requirement, received 2August1999, paper#8, is acknowledged. Applicant elected, without traverse, Invention I, claims 1-20, drawn to method of inducing tolerance. Claims 21-26 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CAR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a non-elected invention.
- 2. Currently, claims 1-20 are under consideration.

Specification

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: page 47, lines 6 and 7, "potentates" should be "potentiates".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. Claims 1, 2, and 4-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the mucosal binding component, cholera toxin B (CTB), does not reasonably provide enablement for all mucosal binding components. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The specification only teaches cholera toxin B subunit as the mucosal binding component in the working examples provided. The specification does not provide guidance for a person skilled in the art to substitute all mucosal binding components for CTB, as is encompassed within the scope of the instant claims, and achieve the claimed results.

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5. Claims 4, 6, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 4 recites that the components are "unassociated". The specification teaches that "Two 'unassociated' molecules are neither conjugated nor associated." (Page 14, lines 1-2). The specification teaches that two molecules are "associated" if, when the preparation is dissolved or diluted in 100 ml of isotonic buffer at pH ~7, at least 59% of the molecule not in excess is associated into a non-covalent heterodimer or heteropolymer of both molecules (page 13, lines 24-27). The definition of "associated" is unclear because the specification uses the word to be defined as the defining word, i.e., defines "associated" as a molecule being "associated". Therefore, it remains unclear what is meant by "unassociated".

Claim 6 recites that the inducing agent is a "bystander". The specification does not define the term "bystander".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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7. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP3109328 in view of Elson (*Current Topics in Microbiology*, 146:29-33, 1989).

The abstract of Japanese document JP3109328 supplied by applicant teaches that cholera toxin B subunit administered prior to administration of bone marrow cells results in prevention of transplant of the bone marrow. Therefore, the administration of the CTB is in an unconjugated form compared with the antigen. The document does not teach mucosal administration of the CTB by mucosal route.

Elson teaches that cholera toxin as an oral (i.e., mucosal) adjuvant when conjugated with an antigen, but that intestinal administration of mixtures of CTB plus antigen would not stimulate antibody response to the latter in the intestine or in serum.(page 31, first paragraph and second paragraph)

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to administer CTB as a mixture with an antigen to result in immunotolerance or immunosuppression of an immune response to said antigen.

Conclusion

- **8.** No claims are allowed.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rodney P. Swartz, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (703) 308-4244. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30 AM to 4:00 PM EST.

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If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Housel, can be reached on (703)308-4027. The facsimile telephone number for the Art Unit Group is (703)308-4242.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0196.

Rodney P. swartz, Pb. D.
PATENT ELMINER

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October 12, 1999